BITMOVIN | PRESENTATION

Encoding VVC for VOD

Market deployment insight

- Bitmovin's Video
 Developer Report
- Survey June September 2022
- Published
 December 2022
- 424 respondents from 80+ countries



VVC highlights, comparing to HEVC

- <u>An evolution, not a revolution</u> but versatile indeed!
- Open GOP resolution-adaptive multi-rate streaming (additional ~10% gain)
- Many features are built in to address broad range of applications:
 - High dynamic range (HDR), Wide colour gamut (WCG), Film Grain Synthesis (FGS)
 - UHD 8K and VR/360-degree immersive video
 - Bitstream extraction and merging, temporal scalability, gradual decoder refresh
 - Multi-layer coding for multiview, alpha maps, depth maps, and spatial and quality scalability
- Bytedance recently shared results from their BVC encoder
 - 53% bitrate savings and 10% faster vs x265 (3.4)
 - 4% bitrate savings and ~1000x faster vs HEVC HM (17.0) reference

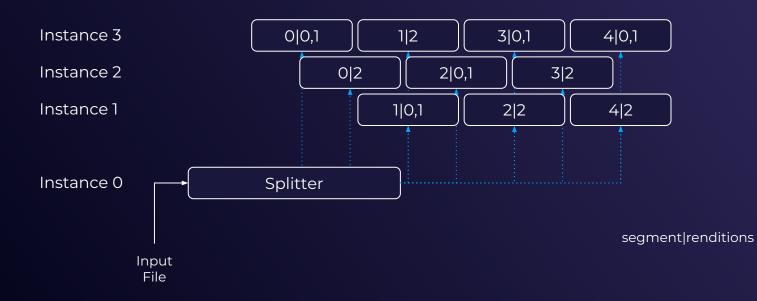
Available VOD encoding software

- Open-source
 - JVET VVC Test Model (VTM) reference encoder (and decoder) codebase
 - Fraunhofer **VVenC** real-world encoder (1.8.0 latest) ... and VVdeC decoder
 - Friedrich–Alexander University Erlangen–Nürnberg **bitstream analyser** (as an add-on for the VTM decoder)
- Commercial
 - MainConcept SDKs and plugins for VVC encoding (incl live)
 - Bytedance **BVC** encoder with many/most VVC features implemented
 - Tencent **RT-ONE** encoder available in Tencent Cloud
 - Alibaba Ali266 encoder available in Alibaba Cloud
 - Ateme **TITAN** family of encoding products with real-world (live) trials
 - Bitmovin **VOD Encoder** cloud-native/agnostic integration of VVenC
- Streaming services
 - MX Player and MX TakaTak in India deployed to 20% of customer base

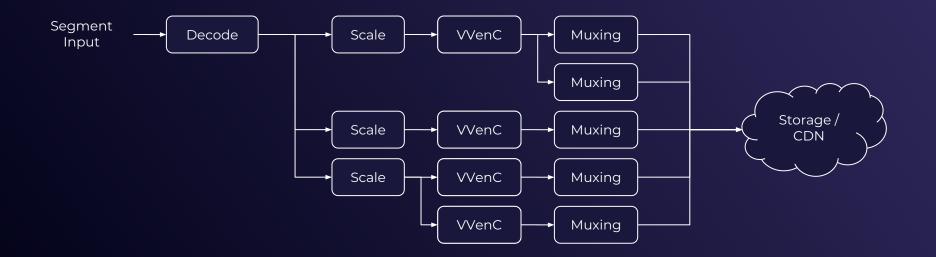
Bitmovin integration summary

- Close collaboration with Fraunhofer HHI in Berlin
- Experimented with VTM reference early on (details in appendix)
- Integrated VVenC open-source project (and VVdeC for playback)
- Making contributions back to improve C-style interface
- 40% BD-rate gain, and 50% observed in subjective tests
- Compute needs
 - 8x more vs AVC
 - 4x more vs HEVC
 - 2x more vs AV1
- Internal API for now while we tune and optimize
 - Reduce compute needs to ~1x or less vs HEVC
 - Integrate more features

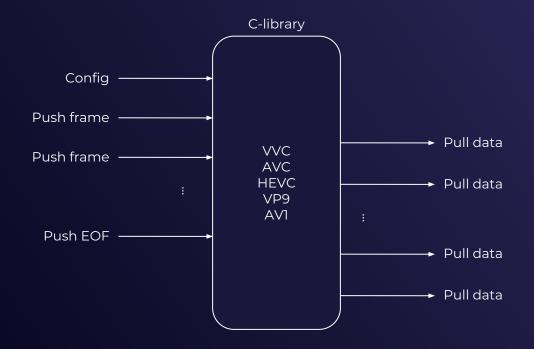
Bitmovin cloud encoding - split and stitch



Bitmovin cloud encoding - a job



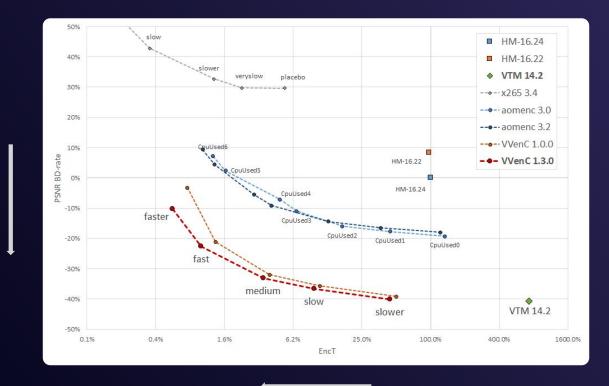
Bitmovin cloud encoding - encoder interface



VVC encoding in the cloud - results

- It basically **Just Works!**
- VVenC (medium) vs x265 (slow)
 - Around **40%** bitrate reduction for HD content
 - Reduced convex hull-complexity
 - Prediction continuity even for progressive streaming
- Current limitations
 - Higher memory consumption
 - Still within limits of usual cloud instances
 - Limited flexibility with segment duration

VVC compared to other codecs



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Better quality



VVC optimal ladder observations

Reference	x256 opt.	VVenC opt.	x265 opt.	x265 opt.
Test	VVenC opt.	VVenC 1080p	x256 1080p	VVenC 1080p
MS-SSIM*	-39.84%	2.73%	16.16%	-37.86%
XPSNR*	-52.20%	1.11%	12.35%	-51.00%

*Fraunhofer HHI test-set average over 7 HD SDR sequences

Bitmovin cloud cost

AVC	HEVC	AVI	VVC
1.0	2.2	4.5	8.7

2-pass Encoding 5 Renditions

- 1080p 6Mbit
- 720p 3Mbit
- 540p 1.8Mbit
- 234p 416kbps

Bitrate factors

• AVC (1), HEVC (0.67), AV1 (0.55), VVC (0.4)



Explosion frame comparison between HEVC (left) and VVC (right) at 470 kb/s

What's next?

- Research paper for IBC 2023
 - Focus on adaptive open GOP referencing with RPR
 - Closed GOP means every segment is decoded independently
 - Open GOP requires previous segment to be available
 - VVC allows this thanks to previous reference frames
 - Benefit is gradual transitions between scenes and addtl bitrate savings
- Expectations
 - Incremental ~10% BD-rate gain
 - Basis for per-shot/scene encoding
 - VOD and live, but focus on VOD

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Packaging VVC for VOD

Packaging for D2C distribution

Very similar to AVC and HEVC, with some VVC-specific extensions

- ISO-BMFF (aka MP4) and MPEG-2 TS defined
- AAC and MPEG-H audio codecs
- DASH streaming format (and theoretically, HLS)
- Same captions and subtitles
- Same encryption and DRM options
- Open GOP consideration
 - Could mean different segment sizes because moving frames between segments but should be the same on average

Thank you.